NETBALL QUEENSLAND

GAME20 ANNUAL ON 19





OUR 2019 AMBITION

NETBALL QUEENSLAND IS
STRUCTURED, CAPABLE AND
RESOURCED TO OPTIMISE THE
ACCESS, POPULARITY AND
COMMERCIALISATION OF NETBALL
ACROSS QUEENSLAND.

HOW ARE WE PROGRESSING TOWARDS OUR 2019 AMBITION?



CHAIR REPORT

THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT 2019 WAS AN OUTSTANDING YEAR FOR NETBALL QUEENSLAND.

From the move of our offices to the then-named Queensland State Netball Centre, to the opening of the facility by the Premier of Queensland, the funding of our BIOME operating model by the Queensland Government, the closing of a naming rights deal for the Nissan Arena and the award of the Liz Ellis Diamond to our own Gretel Tippett, these events represented the manifestation of the shared vision of the Board and CEO, Game On, tirelessly implemented by Catherine and her team.

The budgetary deficit that we foresaw and discussed with members at the 2019 Leaders Conference, despite some large unbudgeted expenditure, was brought back to a far smaller figure, a great effort by our management team to win new revenue sources while containing costs.

A disappointing season for our Queensland Firebirds resulted in a decision to conduct a comprehensive external review of all of our high performance systems, the implementation of which has already commenced and will form the basis for improvement in all aspects of high performance.

It is indeed fortunate that Netball Queensland is in such good shape internally, because the external threats have never been greater.

At every Leaders' Conference, we have been talking with members about the imperative for netball to compete in a changing marketplace, and what we needed to do to be successful. The need to operate more efficiently and effectively was the basis for the BIOME model.

The female versions of the traditional male sporting codes are now cool, and are increasingly seen as representing feminist and female sporting success, threatening to usurp netball's traditional position as the top women's sport, devised and developed to give women an opportunity to play a team sport, where none previously existed.

Ironically, I am writing this on International Women's Day, a day for celebration of the achievements of the women who paved the way for us, our children and grandchildren, and on whose shoulders we stand.

Amidst increasing media and government attention, as well as encouraging viewing numbers and growing participation at both grassroots and elite level, sporting organisations have been quick to seize on the opportunity to attract more participants, funding opportunities and fans to their codes.

In the face of this increasing existential threat, we need, more than ever, to approach the ongoing development and maintenance of our sport with a professional and open-minded attitude, rather than the sorts of baseless and uninformed attacks and accusations of poor governance that have, sadly, characterised the lead up to this year's AGM and director elections.

The world has changed and we cannot go back to the way things were. Instead, we must all pull together and support the leaders in our sport who have the courage and vision to do things differently. We must take our rightful place as leaders of the new order, rather than representing the old.

JANE SEAWRIGHT

Chair



FROM THE CEO

WHILST 2019 MARKED THE END OF OUR "GAME ON" 2017-2019 STRATEGIC PLAN CYCLE, IT WAS THE BEGINNING OF A NEW ERA OF NETBALL IN QUEENSLAND.

After four years of hard work, on 24 February 2019 we opened the doors of the Queensland State Netball Centre. This state-of-the-art \$44.6 million venue has been thoughtfully designed to create a place for belonging, connection, wellbeing and achievement. We have waited a very long time for this and our time has arrived. Our moment, our opportunity, is here and we have greeted it with grit and passionate dedication. Managing a venue of this size is incredibly challenging but it truly is a game-changer for our sport.

From 24 February it was full steam ahead. In March we hosted the Inaugural SSN Pre-Season Suncorp Team Girls Cup with all eight SSN teams testing out every single feature of our venue from the gym and recovery facilities to our catering and broadcast capabilities. April saw the venue filled, literally, with the future stars of netball as Nissan Arena hosted the U17 and U19 Australian National Netball Championships. At the same time we hosted the Netball Australia AGM and Members Forum. The list goes on. In our first 11 months, Nissan Arena (yep another big one for 2019 was securing naming rights to our new venue) has hosted a range of events including the Marie Little Shield, seven Queensland Firebirds home games, a Harlem Globetrotters tour, a Volleyball World Cup, 14 Brisbane Bullets games, an Australia Day Citizenship ceremony and much more. In addition to our 5,000 seat show court, we have seven community courts which continue to provide opportunities for a huge array of activities, sports, events and ceremonies as we welcome schools, businesses and community groups into our venue.

Strengthening our capacity to grow netball participation was the focus this year. In addition to running regular weekly netball fixtures at Nissan Arena, we approached participation growth in four ways. Firstly, direct 'hands on' involvement in participation initiatives such as Walking Netball and Diamond Spirit. Secondly, we developed over 2500 coaches and officials through the delivery of courses and training sessions. Thirdly, by creating amazing events for our athletes through Nissan State Age Championship, Vicki Wilson Cup and Primary Schools Cup, all of which set new participation records. We launched the Inaugural HART Sapphire Series which took our

premier state competition to a completely new level. The grand final was absolutely outstanding, on and off the court. Lastly, we need to grow the available workforce to deliver netball. This means finding ways to free up our volunteers to deliver more of what they love - more netty, more coaching, less admin. So we developed and trialled our livescoring (paperless) tech platform and we commenced the rollout of the BIOME capability initiatives and tools. Change can be challenging however we all have a leadership responsibility to continually improve and adapt to our ever-changing operating environment. Pleasingly, by October we hit 102,000 registered participants which means there are more people playing netball in Queensland than ever before. Interestingly but not surprisingly, the growth is predominantly not in traditional 'membership' rather in flexible participation programs.

In the 2018 Annual Report I spoke of my passion for Diamond Spirit, our program for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Island women and girls which started in 2016. The incredible work and milestones I proudly referred to were recognised with Diamond Spirit winning the 2019 Play by the Rules National Award, recognising outstanding initiatives that contributed to safer, fairer and/or more inclusive sport. Shortly after, the Minister for Sport, Hon Mick de Brenni MP, announced that Netball would be the first sport to enter into a historic new partnership with the Queensland Government. This partnership will facilitate growth in participation, delivery of Diamond Spirit, and a implementation of our BIOME operating model. Over the coming years we are committed to working in collaboration with the Government on the implementation of the Activate! Sport and Recreation Strategy.

2019 was a tough year for our Queensland Firebirds on court, but there were also many things to celebrate. This season our captain Gabi Simpson notched up 100 national league games. Gretel reached 1000 goals and became the first Australian to shoot 100 consecutive goals without a miss. Gretel was named in the Australian Diamonds team which claimed a silver medal at the World Cup and her stunning year was rewarded with a Liz Ellis Diamond Award. Fellow Firebirds Romelda Aiken, Lenize Potgieter and Erin Burger also played at the Constellation Cup and World Cup for their respective countries. Four Firebirds were also named in the Australia A Squad — Tara Hinchliffe, Kim Jenner, Gabi Simpson and Jemma Mi Mi. Continuing with milestones, 2019 saw

us celebrate Roselee Jencke's 10-year anniversary as Queensland Firebirds Head Coach. Thank you Roselee for your commitment to our club and congratulations on an amazing track record — 5 grand finals appearances and 3 premierships. We farewelled retiring Firebirds, Caitlyn Nevins and Laura Clemesha, two long term Firebirds who showed passion and commitment to our Club.

The 2019 results for both the Queensland Firebirds and Fusion teams were not where we wanted them. Inconsistent performances, injuries and disappointing ladder positions. The great coach John Wooden is quoted with saying "Adversity is the state in which man most easily becomes acquainted with himself" and I believe this holds equally true for Teams and Clubs. Pressure reveals areas for improvement and things that sustained success can mask. It was time for an independent review of our high performance programs. A review was undertaken by three independent and qualified individuals. High performance success requires brutal honesty, adoption of world-class standards and the leadership courage to make tough calls - as well as talent, tactics and arguably some good luck. One amazing thing we take forward, born of the adversity, is the incredible solidarity and belief our Club showed throughout the season. Our whole Queensland Firebirds Club — fans, players and staff — pulled together tighter than ever. Queensland does that, especially in the rough times. 2019 fostered a deep sense of unity, a strength of belief that can only be revealed when the chips are down. We will honour the loyalty of our fans by leaving no stone unturned as we prepare for SSN season 2020.

An exciting final chapter to the year was the development of our plan for the next H2 cycle - Netball United. Every team, sporting organisation or business is stronger and more competitive when it is united in working together towards their purpose. We also believe that embracing diversity is vital to netball's future. So Netball United is our plan to ensuring netball is thriving on and off the court. Thank you to everyone - players, volunteers, fans, staff, partners, sponsors and our Netball Queensland Board — for your contribution to this vision and for your role in transforming lives through netball.

Yours in netball,

CATHERINE CLARK





PARTNER HIERARCHY









CHARITY PARTNERS



















NISSAN



HAHN















DIAMOND SPIRIT DIAMOND SPIRIT PROGRAM TO SAFER, FAIRER AND MORE





287 BADGED

UMPIRES



243,860 TOTAL VISITORS TO NISSAN ARENA

1,000+

PEOPLE PLAYING

WALKING NETBALL



THROUGHOUT THE STATE

101,081

TOTAL

PARTICIPANTS



2,500+ COACHES

DEVELOPED OR ACCREDITED

1,800 STUDENTS FROM 7 REMOTE

COMMUNITIES

INCLUSIVITY IN SPORT

25,290 FANS **ATTENDED FIREBIRDS HOME GAMES**



NISSAN STATE AGE CHAMPIONSHIPS

> 2,700+ PLAYERS 1,746 GAMES **46 ASSOCIATIONS**



NAMED 2019 LIZ **ELLIS DIAMOND** WINNER

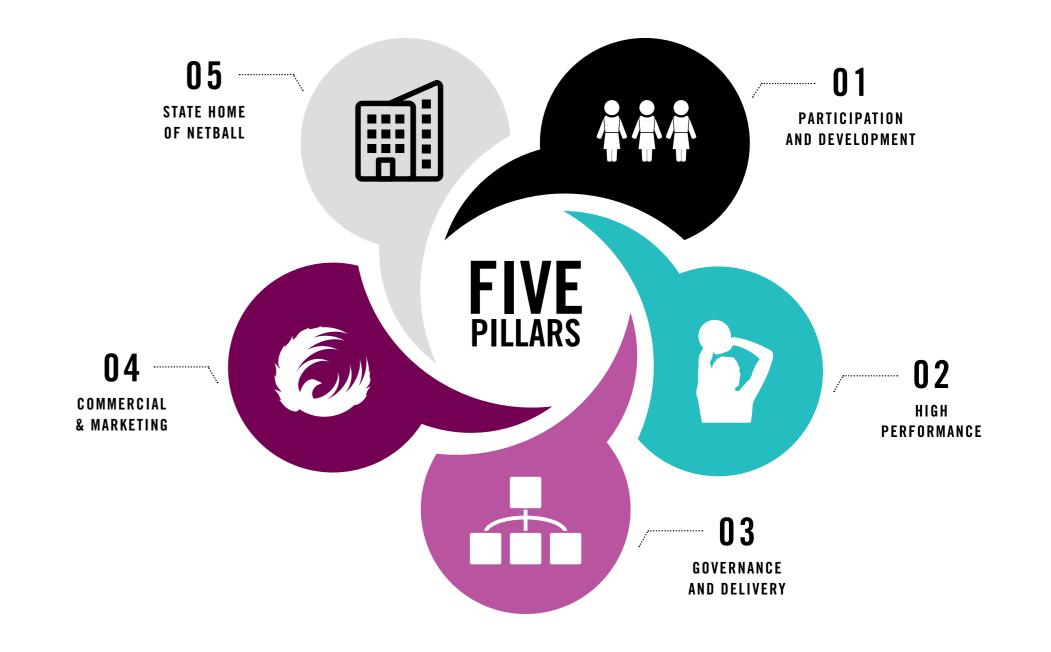
OUR PURPOSE: We are a unifying leader responsible for the growth, sustainability and success of netball.

STRATEGIC PILLARS

To achieve our 2019 Ambition, this Strategic Plan is built around five Pillars:

- 1. PARTICIPATION AND DEVELOPMENT
- 2. HIGH PERFORMANCE
- 3. GOVERNANCE AND DELIVERY
- 4. COMMERCIAL AND MARKETING
- **5. STATE HOME OF NETBALL**

Within each Pillar, the Focus Areas and specific Goals for the past three years were defined. Against these Focus Areas, we identified Key Activities and mechanisms for measuring performance. The Goals were assessed against pre-defined performance targets (KPIs) specified in underlying annual Operations Plans. This level of clarity and accountability drives continuous improvement.



STRATEGIC PILLAR PARTICIPATION AND DEVELOPMENT

PARTICIPATION AND DEVELOPMENT

Providing positive experiences for all those who connected and engaged with Netball Queensland continued as a major focus in 2019. The benefits of this were seen in the growth in participation numbers across programs, activities and Netball Queensland competitions.

Below we outline some of the major achievements of 2019 which seek to extend the reach of netball into our community.

STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 1: CREATE A WORLD-CLASS COACHING ENVIRONMENT

Increased access to development opportunities for coaches with courses and workshops being hosted by 45 Associations from Brisbane to Cairns, the western corridor and remote communities including Weipa. This was enabled through continuing to increase the network of Coach Developers across the State. Many coaches benefited from mentoring provided at NQ events including Nissan State Age, Nissan 16s/18s State Titles, QPL Finals and Hart Sapphire & Ruby Series. Events such as the Professional Development Day for coaching, umpiring and Net Set Go coordinators along with the Coaching & Officiating Forum provided diverse opportunities to grow coaching knowledge and capabilities from grassroots through to High Performance.

- More than 2500 coaches attended accreditation courses and workshops across Queensland
- There are 21 Coach Developers across the state
- Through the Diamond Spirit program, 18 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander coaches achieved Foundation coach accreditation
- 366 coaches attended 27 NSG coaching workshops across the state

Number of coaches involved in both online and face to face development

Accreditation (formal): 1,185

Workshops (informal): 1,407 **Total 2.592**

STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 2: ATTRACT, NURTURE AND RETAIN PARTICIPANTS

The Development Officers continued to play an important role in increasing Netball Queensland's footprint across Queensland by connecting with members and supporting the delivery of a wide variety of programs and activities. NetSetGO and Sporting Schools programs, often the first touchpoint for netball, are vital opportunities to ignite a lifelong love of the game. 2019 saw 209 Sporting Schools programs delivered throughout Queensland. In addition, an increase in teacher delivered Sporting Schools programs was also very pleasing.

NSG numbers: 15.871

Total Registration numbers: 71,576

Holiday Clinics – Hosting most of the clinics at our new home – the Queensland State Netball Centre and the introduction of 5-10 years clinics to align with NetSetGO, provided pleasing increases in numbers. Fifteen clinics were held throughout 2019, as well as the two-day camps at the end of the year, saw a total of 1364 participants taking part.

Officials Development

A highlight of 2019 were the workshops that were held involving former Queenslander and Suncorp Super Netball umpire, Tim Marshall and Netball Australia's High-Performance Umpire Program Head Coach, Jacqui Jashari. Both workshops provided key strategies, techniques and insights for our umpire coaches and umpires.

- Three NQ umpires were selected to attend the National 19U and 17U championships held at the Nissan Arena. Two of whom gained selection as umpires in the Deakin University Australian Netball League.
- 287 umpires achieved national badging.
- Five Netball Queensland Bench Officials were appointed to officiate at the Suncorp Super Netball Finals Series.
- Development opportunities for aspiring and progressing Bench Officials were provided at a pre-season SSN Team Girls weekend and the Vicki Wilson Finals.

Diamond Spirit

2019 was an exciting year for Diamond Spirit with continued growth and recognition for the amazing work in supporting Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander women and girls living in regional and remote communities. Through the generous support from our partners we were able to achieve our vision of transforming lives through netball, delivering participation opportunities across Queensland and supporting students through their education journey. To top off this amazing year, Diamond Spirit won the National Play By The Rules Inclusion award 2019.

Engage Emi

- 1800 students participated in netball programs across seven remote communities including Aurukun, Mapoon, Napranum, Yarrabah, Weipa, Bamaga and Injinoo.
- 350 players attended Weipa Carnival and Deadly Choices Murri carnival hosted at Nissan Arena
- 3.8% increase in the number Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander players attending phase two Emerging Talent Program (7.9%)

<u>Educate</u>

- 100 students enrolled in our Diamond Spirit hubs at Cairns and Bremer State High
- 14 students attended the Diamond Spirit Leadership camp and SSN Indigenous round
- 7.7% improved school attendance amongst program participants
- 4.4% improvement in academic outcomes amongst program participants

Partnerships and Awards

- Play By The Rules National Inclusion and Diversity award
- Funding support through the Confident Girls Foundation to support Diamond Spirit Educate Hubs
- Partnership with Rio Tinto to support the expansion of Diamond Spirit to additional communities in Cape York
- Partnership with Deadly Choices which will further enhance the reach of netball and build the capacity of netball deliverers in schools

STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 3: ENSURE COMPETITION OPPORTUNITIES MEET PARTICIPATION DEMAND

Nissan State Age Championship

In 2019, Pine Rivers Netball Association partnered with Netball Queensland and the Moreton Bay Regional Council to host the Nissan State Age. This event was delivered over four days, hosting over 260 teams and making it the largest Netball Queensland grassroots State event in history. Netball Queensland would like to recognise the efforts of Rachelle Swan and the Pine Rivers Netball Association State Age Committee in representing and leading their community and volunteers throughout the preparation and delivery of the event.

- 260 teams competed from 46 Associations
- Four Boys teams
- 1,746 games played over four days

Queensland Premier League - QPL

The QPL in 2019 was run over five Zones which spanned the entire state. With the assistance of Netball Queensland, a volunteer Committee was established in each Zone to organise and deliver each QPL Competition. Winners of the divisions in each
South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia, Northern Territory and Zone then came together to compete in the QPL State Finals held in our very own Nissan Arena. Netball Queensland would like to thank all those who volunteered their time to ensure the QPL was able to be the great competition it was in 2019.

- 94 teams
- 40 Associations

QPL State Finals

- Opens: Champions Goodna defeated Northern Gold Coast
- 19U: Champions Downey Park defeated Tweed
- 17U: Champions Metropolitan Districts defeated Northern Gold Coast

HART Sapphire Series

QSNL competition, the HART Sapphire Series is a semi-professional league, championing local heroes by developing the next wave of netball players, coaches and umpires to step up to the highest level. Both the HART Sapphire Series and its underpinning competition, the Ruby Series, were contested by seven teams. While the Ruby Series North saw teams from Cairns, Townsville and Mackay compete in a series of cluster weekend rounds.

2019 HART Sapphire Series Finals

HART Sapphire Series:

Champions – QUT Wildcats defeating Brisbane North Cougars

• HART Ruby Series:

Champions – Carina Leagues Club Tigers defeating Jets Netball

• HART Ruby Series — North:

Champions – Magnetic North Steelcats

Social Netball

Social Netball at Netball Queensland moved into its new home at Nissan Arena in 2019. The Social competition provides a fun and inclusive environment for all levels of netballer, from as young as 14 and with players into their 50s and 60s.

In 2019 Social Netball was played on Monday and Wednesday nights across two seasons.

- Season 1 = 69 teams
- Season 2 = 80 teams

Season 2 also saw a new Mixed competition implemented and contested against five teams.

Marie Little OAM Shield

Nissan Arena provided the venue as Netball Queensland once again played host to the Marie Little OAM Shield. We welcomed state representative teams from New Australian Capital Territory (attending for the first time). The Queensland Gems welcomed back many returning and new players into the team and expanded their team staff with the introduction of a Developing Coach role. The team performed well at the event and finished fourth. South Australia took out first place defeating Victoria in the Grand Final.

Walking Netball

2019 saw the start of 24 programs Queensland wide and an increase in participation numbers. The phenomena of walking netball continued to grow, and it is great to see so many past netballers returning to the court and new players who want to enjoy the social benefits of team sport and improve their general fitness. The first ever Walking Netball carnival was held in September at Nissan Arena with 2019 saw the inaugural year of the HART Sapphire Series. Building on the preceding 16 teams entering. The eventual winners were the Gold Coast Calendar Girls.

Vicki Wilson Competition

425 teams from across Queensland participated in the Vicki Wilson Cup qualifying events to gain a place in the finals for either the Cup or Shield divisions. The Vicki Wilson Cup was won by Moreton Bay College and the Vicki Wilson Shield was won by Canterbury College. 2019 saw the introduction of a boy's competition with four teams from around Queensland participating. The Vicki Wilson Boys Division was won by Southport State High School.

Primary Schools Cup

This year the Primary School Cup was held on the Sunshine Coast, hosted by the Sunshine Coast Netball Association. 2019 was the largest Primary Schools Cup held since its inception with 159 teams taking part. Rochedale State School won the title in an entertaining final against Peregian Springs Primary School.



OUR PURPOSE: We are a unifying leader responsible for the growth, sustainability and success of netball. OUR VISION: To become a world-leading sports organisation, respected for transforming lives through netball

STRATEGIC PILLAR HIGH PERFORMANCE

STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 4: IDENTIFY, DEVELOP AND POLISH TALENTED QUEENSLANDERS TO SUCCEED AT THE ELITE LEVEL SUCCESS AT THE ELITE LEVEL INVOLVES NOT ONLY OUR ELITE PLAYERS. BUT OFFICIALS AS WELL.

FINDING AND DEVELOPING DIAMONDS

2019 Emerging Talent Program (ETP)

The Emerging Talent Program (ETP) was again run over two phases in 2019 and saw a further increase in registrations with the program now fully embedded as the key entry point into the Queensland 17U Squad. Over 800 registrations were received from players aged 15-16 years to attend the 24 clinics run throughout the State from Cairns to the Gold Coast. In Phase two, each region, supported by Netball Queensland selectors, selected their 16U teams to participate in the Nissan 16U State Titles that were held in the Nissan Arena in September 2019.

The selection brief for each of the 12 16U Teams was to identify and select 12 of the most promising athletes in each region (born 2003 and 2004). Netball Queensland selectors worked with the Head Coach of each region to identify those players who demonstrated both the on and off court attributes required to be considered in the 2020 Queensland 17U State Team. A squad of 25 players was announced at the conclusion of the Nissan 16U State Titles and it was great to see these players acknowledged in front of their teammates, families, supporters and other teams.

2019 Nissan 16U & 18U State Titles

The Nissan 16U & 18U State Titles showcased the best young talent in the State across both age groups. With the honour of being the top Queensland team in each age group, as well as selection in the Queensland 17U and 19U Squads at stake, all games were highly contested. In the 16U State Titles, Carina Leagues Club Tigers and Bond University Bull Sharks fought out the Final, with Tigers pulling away eventually to win gold for the second consecutive year.

The Nissan 18U State Titles replaced the 2018 City v Country series with seven teams under the HART Sapphire Series clubs each selecting an 18U Team. These seven teams provided players aged 17 and 18 years the opportunity to be seen in front of the State selectors and 26 players were selected into the Queensland 19U Squad announced at the completion of the State Titles. The seven teams were joined by a South African invitation team with the Carina Leagues Club Tigers team showing considerable depth in their club by also taking the gold medal against the spirited and tenacious USC Thunder team in the Final.

2019 National Netball Championships

The Queensland 17U & 19U Teams had mixed results at the 2019 National Netball Championships hosted at our stunning new home of netball in April. The 17U Team was impacted by serious injuries to three key players that ruled them out of the Championships. Despite this, the team performed strongly against all the top four teams, falling short by one goal against eventual winners, South Australia and

finishing in 5th place. The Queensland 19U Team went through preliminary games undefeated before losing also by one goal in the semi-final against the South Australians who took out both titles. The team showed great resilience to bounce back the next day and defeat Victoria for 3rd place. Macy Gardner was named MVP of the 19U Championships and an indication of the strength of both teams was the selection of five players from each team being selected in the Australian 17U and 19U Squads.

Coach Development Program

Coach development is an ongoing priority for Netball Queensland with additional opportunities provided to emerging coaches at various levels. The ETP clinics again had a coach and umpire development component and many local coaches also attended each clinic to work with the Netball Queensland appointed coach developers. A number of these coaches were then appointed in Head and Assistant Coach roles with their respective 16U Teams. In addition, talented coaches across each of the seven Sapphire Series clubs were appointed to Head and Assistant coach roles with their respective 18U Teams. Finally, with a Head Coach and two Assistant Coaches appointed to each State Team including Queensland Fusion, Netball Queensland is aiming to build the base of talented coaches exposed to and thriving in the High Performance arena.

Elite Development Program (EDP)

The EDP program is a shared initiative between Netball Queensland and the Queensland Academy of Sport. Led by Jenny Brazel, the Elite Development Program (EDP) provides holistic development and education for players considered to have the potential to one day play in the Suncorp Super Netball and beyond. The emerging elite netball athletes selected in this group undergo a tailored development program designed to ensure they are building for the on and off court requirements of an SSN contract. Players in this program have either been Nationally Talent Identified (NTID) or identified within Queensland as having potential to play at SSN level or considered a special project player who may be switching sports or have some other unique or rare situation (3-5 years). The EDP program focuses on the development of the individual athlete and includes a thorough technical, mental and physical development program, combined with tailored education sessions. Education sessions span self-management, time management, brand awareness, internet safety, alcohol and drug awareness and guide players in establishing routines and performance behaviours which enable them to succeed at the highest level. In 2019, Macy Gardner graduated into the Queensland Firebirds with Ruby Bakewell-Doran, Tippah Dwan and Hulita Veve securing training partner contracts with the Queensland Firebirds.

The Queensland Firebirds

The Queensland Firebirds entered their 3rd year of the Suncorp Super Netball (SSN) without recently retired legend of the game, Laura Geitz. With the core of players returning to the team and led by Gabi Simpson, the team had high hopes of a

successful season. An early season ending injury to Mahalia Cassidy who had only recently returned from her previous ACL injury, and star shooter Romelda Aiken also unavailable for a number of games due to injury, the team were still chasing their first win when the competition broke for the Netball World Cup. Hopes of starting after the break with a win were dashed and it would not be until Round 13 when the Queensland Firebirds travelled to Perth to secure their first win of the competition. In a promising sign for 2020, the team continued to show tremendous heart and resilience throughout the season and in their final game, fought hard to the final whistle before going down by just one goal against eventual winners, NSW Swifts

Three players debuted for Queensland Firebirds in 2019, Macy Gardner, Lenize Potgieter and Amy Sommerville while at the end of the 2019 season, the team bid farewell to Laura Clemesha and Caitlyn Nevins. Both Queensland players retired at the end of the 2019 season after several years as loyal Firebirds. Laura and Caitlyn were acknowledged for their significant contribution to the team both on and off the court.

During the season, members of the Queensland Firebirds family achieved significant milestones, including:

- Roselee Jencke (OAM) 10 years as Head Coach of the Queensland Firebirds
- Gabi Simpson 100 games for the Firebirds
- Gretel Tippett 75 games for the Firebirds
- Caitlyn Nevins 75 games for the Firebirds

Australian Diamonds

Gretel Tippett represented the Queensland Firebirds in the Australian Diamonds team that won silver at the 2019 World Cup, with Gabi Simpson selected in the Diamonds Squad.

Kim Jenner, Tara Hinchliffe, Jemma MiMi and Gabi Simpson were selected in the 2019 Australian Development Team that toured New Zealand in October 2019.

At the 2019 Netball Australia Awards dinner, Gretel Tippett was acknowledged as one of the sport's greatest players winning the Liz Ellis Diamond and the International Player of the Year. Gretel was also named in the Suncorp Super Netball Team of the Year for her consistently strong performances at GA.

STRATEGIC PILLAR GOVERNANCE & DELIVERY

STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 5: BUILD WORKFORCE CAPABILITY AND CAPACITY, REDUCING OUR RELIANCE ON VOLUNTEERS FOR DELIVERY

Netball Queensland continued the commitment to engagement working extensively throughout the state connecting with association members and clubs gathering information and feedback.

A key priority under this Focus Area is the delivery of the annual Netball Queensland Leaders Conference. In its fifth year, 200 people attended the Conference. The Leaders Conference has three objectives:

- to provide high quality professional development for our Associations and Club personnel,
- to provide a medium for information to be shared, consultation and feedback to be given; and
- to enable our community to come together for networking, collaboration and the sharing of ideas and solutions.

The 2019 Leaders Conference included a pilot, or innovation component, with a half day window opened up to the public for the inaugural Queensland Sports Collective event. Netball Queensland invest about \$60,000 per annum into the Leaders Conference and is committed to keeping costs down for our members. Therefore we are exploring ways to bring in additional revenue to keep subsiding the Conference ticket price. This event was a huge success with the Minister announcing that the Queensland Sports Collective should become a permanent fixture on the sports industry calendar. It is widely recognised that ongoing professional development and training is crucial for future success a rapidly changing sports industry. We must equip our workforce, paid or unpaid, with the knowledge and skills to meet changing demands of consumers, regulators and fans.

STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 6: OPTIMISE THE DELIVERY OF NETBALL

In 2019 the Horizon Three committee's maintained focus on the strategic plan for the final phase by driving the implementation of all six transformation platforms.

Netball Queensland are leading BIOME implementation internally with work continuing on the customer relationship management system along with other technology-based solutions including Process PA, Xero and Flare HR. These systems allow Netball Queensland to better support the community through targeted communications and improved business practices.

A number of Associations have signed on as Early Adopters of the BIOME. This successful program has given many insights and provided associations with an opportunity to see the range of benefits available from this operating model.

The second phase of the organisation redesign was completed this year which saw the onboarding of 4 Delivery Network Leads who are a resource for our associations and clubs to assist in the growth of grassroots netball through BIOME implementation, government relations and Association support.

Netball Queensland welcomed Sunshine Mens and Mixed Netball Association as an affiliated Association in 2019.

STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 7: PROVIDE ADVOCACY TO ENSURE QUEENSLAND NETBALL HAS A STRONG VOICE WITH GOVERNMENT AND STAKEHOLDERS

Government engagement remains a core function of Netball Queensland with direct benefits for our Association members. This business is carried out with all levels of government and takes the form of private meetings, speeches and presentations.

A key achievement for Netball Queensland in 2019 was the signing of the Activate! Queensland funding agreement with the Queensland Government. Netball Queensland was proudly the first of six sports announced in the state government's pilot of the new funding model. This funding allows Netball Queensland to fund and subsidise key elements of the BIOME operating model for associations.

Across the state, the netball community has received many forms of assistance including:

- Department of National Parks, Sport and Racing funding
- State Government Program funding
- Indigenous Sports grants
- Championships Event Program funding
- Asset Legacy Program funding

Additionally, the Community Gambling Benefit Fund continues to provide funding direct to local netball bodies.

Netball Queensland continues to deal extensively with Netball Australia around topics as varied as Suncorp Super Netball, to insurance for participants at Clubs and Associations. These conversations are broad - ranging and often extend to other state-based netball organisations.

STRATEGIC PILLAR COMMERCIAL & MARKETING

STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 8: DIVERSIFY AND INCREASE REVENUE STREAMS

Netball Queensland continues to identify and cultivate new and existing partners across our entire Netball Queensland family, including participation and grassroots based competitions and events, High Performance and broadcast related assets, assets across Nissan Arena and support for the newly launched HART Sapphire Series league and clubs.

Principal, Premier, Major and all supporting official partners for 2019 are acknowledged in the hierarchy in this report. A pivotal year in securing renewals and new business with the growth in Netball Queensland and the introduction of Nissan Arena and the HART Sapphire Series League. We saw some significant uplifts with existing sponsors including University of Queensland, Suncorp and Nissan and new investment across a spectrum of categories from food and beverage, aged care, entertainment, technology and health care.

Lorna Jane completed their final year with their unique naming rights principal partnership of the Queensland Firebirds and Netball Queensland, which includes the only naming rights designation in the National League. We onboarded numerous brands into the Netball Queensland partner suite. HCF, BallyCara, Australian Catering Services, Lion, LeGassick, NewsCorp, CMS Australasia and Merlo to name a few. A significant uplift in investment was secured by Nissan in the undertaking of a 5-year naming rights deal for our new venue, Nissan Arena.

HART Sport commenced the naming rights of the newly created State Netball Competition; the HART Sapphire Series, which saw the best local and global talent competing in the strongest state-based competition in the country. HART Sport was joined by MIZUNO, Powerade and Mount Franklin water in supporting this competition.

Netball Queensland onboarded one of the most intelligent sports Customer Relationship Management systems to support the analysis and facilitation of best practice sponsorship management. We continue to strive for the next level of commerciality, which includes a strategic approach to the identification of new revenue streams, the incremental and ongoing increase in the value of our IP, and a new and fresh focus on delivering a personalised offering for each partner. QI Media value for partners increased by almost \$250K in 2019, a strong result for our partners.

There was a 46% increase in revenue derived through commercial sponsorship in 2019 when compared with 2018. This figure does not take into consideration the venue naming rights investment from Nissan showcasing a strong result.

We maintain focus on supporting our netball community with local and state-based funding opportunities from government, applying guidance and support in applications, along with developing submissions for funding that focus on Netball Queensland programs in larger scale. A major milestone was securing substantial funding to support the transition to a new operating model for netball in Queensland, the BIOME Operating Model.

STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 9: DEVELOP 'FIREBIRDS' AS AN ICONIC SPORTS BRAND 2019

In 2019, we saw the continuation of the five-year 'Free-to-Air' broadcast rights agreement with the Nine network. Two primetime matches each week remained on the main Nine station. This had a positive impact on television audiences with the Queensland Firebirds average audience increasing from 95,000 people to 179,000. This is an overall increase of 88% since 2016. Total audience combining peak viewing and Telstra TV now exceeds 2.5Million views for the Queensland Firebirds.

Social media continues to evolve and is still our number one way of engaging with our fan base. Our emotional connection research commissioned by True North at the end of the 2019 year indicated that the Queensland Firebirds are leading SSN in social media growth and connection. In 2019 a large focus was placed on maximising growth across Facebook and Instagram, through a carefully curated content strategy, backed by media partnerships and advertising spend to attract new audiences and grow our owned channels. The Queensland Firebirds' following across Facebook and Instagram increased 33% in 2019, resulting in an overall increase of 64% across the past three years of the Game On Strategic Plan, recording the strongest growth when compared with all other SSN teams. With the migration to Nissan Arena, our attendance capability was lowered, however, despite on court performance and the number of Saturday matches clashing with community netball (driven by broadcast and out of our hands), we managed to drive average match attendance of almost 4,000 fans, peaking at 4,578 in Round 2 against Collingwood Magpies.

STRATEGIC FOCUS AREA 10: CULTIVATE A PASSIONATE, LOYAL AND HIGHLY ENGAGED FAN BASE OF THE FIREBIRDS

In 2019, we shifted focus to deepening emotional connection with fans. We drove this through social media and our content strategy paired with meaningful experiences on match days, giving back to the community with a pre-season regional tour, netball clinics, an association visitation program and charitable events.

We implemented a "no comment gets left behind" strategy across social media channels — encouraging two-way interaction with fans across our channels. The first SSN Club to implement a focus on fan driven content, increasing the importance of fan presence in imagery and video content. This proved to have great success with social media engagement increasing by 13.6%.

The move to our new venue, Nissan Arena, provided further control over food and beverage options, along with opportunity for pre-game activities and in-match entertainment including pyrotechnics, music and big screen activation. This was well received by our fans and partners alike, with Nielsen research indicating high game satisfaction with 88% of fans saying they would attend again against a benchmark score of 67%.

Our Queensland Firebirds spent just shy of 1,000 hours (990) in the community in 2019 spread across regional and metro Queensland. Preseason, the Queensland Firebirds participated in a regional tour for the second year, supported by Suncorp Team Girls. They travelled to Bundaberg, Rockhampton and Gladstone with netball clinics, signing sessions and community visits. There were various other community initiatives including players visiting remote Queensland for the Diamond Spirit Program and also an association ambassador system undertaken with players visiting the courts across the state during the 2019 Netball World Cup period.

STATE HOME OF NETBALL

QUEENSLAND STATE NETBALL CENTRE (QSNC) - NISSAN ARENA We have a home and what a home it is!!

On 24 February 2019, The Hon. Annastacia Palaszczuk, Premier of Queensland, opened the doors on the Queensland State Netball Centre, a real game changer for the sport of netball in Queensland.

For many of the Netball family, this was years of hard work that has finally paid off and it was now up to us at Netball Queensland to deliver on its potential.

In the past 12 months, we have seen Netball at the forefront of all our planning with the Suncorp Super Netball, Suncorp Team Girls Cup, HART Sapphire Series, U17 & U19 National Netball Championships and the Queensland Premier League all shine within the QSNC. We have welcomed Queensland Firebirds training clinics, community and social netball groups and introduced new programs including Walking Netball to the venue which has helped grow the netball footprint.

While netball continues to be our core business, opportunities to commercialise and grow participation and events across a range of other sports started to show dividends.

In February, Australian Catering Services (ACS) and RHP Physiotherapy became long term tenants to QSNC.

In April, we welcomed the world-famous Harlem Globetrotters to the QSNC with a crowd of 3,165 witnessing all of their skills and tricks.

In June, we held the Volleyball Nations League which saw teams from Russia, China, Australia and Argentina all compete on the world stage.

This was a terrific event which showcased how QSNC could truly become a world class multi-sport venue.

In October, we joined forces with a new partner to QSNC with the Brisbane Bullets playing their first home game on 11 October and an additional 13 games throughout the 2019/20 season. Their season will finish in February 2020 with the hope that good results will see additional post season games within the finals.

In addition to the Brisbane Bullets home games, a number of training camps and school sessions has added important content to our community courts.

We also saw the INAS Global Games Brisbane 2019 conclude at QSNC in October with a very international flavour Closing Ceremony after seven days of high intensity competition.

The INAS Global Games Brisbane 2019 is a world class sporting competition for elite athletes with an intellectual impairment that represents the peak of sporting achievement.

The Marie Little Shield, the national championships for female netballers with an intellectual impairment which is run annually, was played at the QSNC as an INAS Global Games demonstration sport.

We also held our first lifestyle event with the hosting of Convo 2019, which saw kids from around Queensland come and discuss ways to prevent cyber-bullying and pledge their support to those initiatives.

In the community and social competitions area; basketball, volleyball, futsal and pickleball competitions were all added as new sports to the venue with partnerships being created with national, state and local associations to drive content at the QSNC.

In October, we announced an exciting development with Nissan coming on as the inaugural naming rights partner to the venue. Nissan is already heavily entrenched in the netball fabric and it was satisfying to see a reputable brand further their support. We welcome and thank Nissan for their continued support and look forward to having their name on our building for the next three years.

In 2020, the opportunities are endless with two clubs now calling Nissan Arena home with the Queensland Firebirds and Brisbane Bullets competing throughout their respective seasons.

We will add international basketball to the agenda with the Australia Boomers taking on the New Zealand Tall Blacks in February. We also hope to announce a number of other international and national events in early 2020.

Our community and social sports will continue to thrive with most nights booked out at Nissan Arena in 2020. We see huge potential in the venue being utilised throughout the day with a focus on community groups, schools, multi-cultural events and lifestyle events rounding out the content.

The function, conference and seminar business will also be a target for 2020 and beyond with the VIP suites and the showcourt already being requested.

We hope you have enjoyed the rise and rise of Nissan Arena in 2019 and hope to see you all soon, particularly cheering our club, the Queensland Firebirds.

FINANCIAL REPORT

Financial report for the year ended 31 December 2019

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your Directors present this report on Netball Queensland (the "company") for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Directors

The names of each person who has been a Director during the period and to the date of this report are:

Seawright, Dorothy Jane (Chair; elected director)

Devitt, Kristin (appointed director)

Fullagar, Ian (appointed director)

Jermyn, Anthony (Tony) (appointed director)

Kavanagh, Marie (elected director)

King, Christopher (elected director - resigned 25 July 2019)

McLeod, Mark (elected director)

Waugh, Simone (elected casual vacancy on 31 July 2019)

Directors have been in office since the start of the period to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the company during the financial year was providing leadership and growth of the sport of netball in Queensland, through encouraging participation and development from community to elite levels.

The company also commenced the Venue Management of Nissan Arena, located at 590 Mains Road, Nathan QLD 4111.

Purpose and Vision

The company's purpose, as embodied in the Strategic Plan 2017-2019, is to be a unifying leader responsible for the growth, sustainability and success of netball.

Our vision is to become a world-leading sports organisation, respected for transforming lives through netball.

Strategies

To achieve its stated objectives, the company has built its strategies and operations around the following strategic pillars:

- Participation and development
- High performance
- Governance and delivery of the sport
- Commercial and marketing
- Prepare for our move into the State Home of Netball

Key Performance Measures

The company measures its own performance through the use of both quantitative and qualitative benchmarks. The benchmarks are used by the Directors to assess the financial sustainability of the company and whether the company's short-term and long-term objectives are being achieved.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Adoption of new accounting standards during the year

The company has implemented three new Accounting Standards that are applicable for the current reporting period and have come into effect, which are included in the results. AASB 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers, AASB 1058: Income of Not-for-Profit Entities and AASB 16: Leases have been applied using the cumulative effective method; that is, by recognising the cumulative effect of initially applying AASB 15, AASB 1058 and AASB 16 as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2019. Therefore, the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under AASB 118: Revenue, AASB 117: Leases and AASB 1004: Contributions. Further information is provided in Note 1.

	<u>Eligible</u>	<u>Attended</u>
Board		
Seawright, Dorothy Jane (Chair)	10	10
Devitt, Kristin	10	7
Fullagar, lan	10	8
Jermyn, Anthony	10	9
Kavanagh, Marie	10	9
King, Christopher (resigned 25 July 2019)	5	5
McLeod, Mark	10	8
Waugh, Simone (elected casual vacancy 31 July 2019)	3	3
Finance, Audit and Risk Management Committee		
King, Christopher (resigned 25 July 2019)	4	3
Kavanagh, Marie	8	7
Copplin, Steve (Independent member)	8	6
Seawright, Dorothy Jane	8	6
Jermyn, Anthony	4	3
Richardson, Luke	2	1

The company is incorporated under the Corporations Act 2001 and is a company limited by guarantee. If the company is wound up, the constitution states that each voting member is required to contribute a maximum of \$1 each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the company. At 31 December 2019, the total amount that members of the company are liable to contribute if the company is wound up is \$95.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration for the year ended 31 December 2019 has been received and can be found on page 3 of the financial report.

This Directors' report is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director: Director:

Dated this 25th day of February 2020



AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF NETBALL QUEENSLAND LIMITED

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 31 December 2019 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Bentleys Brisbane (Audit) Pty Ltd Chartered Accountants

Stewart Douglas Director Brisbane

25 February 2020

Bentless





ABN 58 429 487 881

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note	2019	2018
		\$	\$
Revenue	2	12,003,363	9,326,969
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		(48,454)	662,255
Other income		112,116	80,603
Cost of goods sold		292,436	55,318
Employee benefits expense	3	5,259,558	4,289,287
Depreciation and amortisation expense	8, 9	280,092	124,976
Consultants and specialists		463,017	587,582
Corporate costs	3	662,187	810,675
Advertising, promotion and sponsor support		617,917	519,828
Event operations	3	1,996,528	1,564,259
Bad debts		(16,065)	51,056
Bank, credit card and merchant fees (Interest: Nil)		7,992	14,849
IT and communication		317,531	179,133
Insurance		250,089	243,552
Motor vehicle running expense		(1,525)	(3,344)
Premises and equipment		645,179	214,868
Travel for teams and staff		808,692	847,096
Team operations		568,033	538,006
(Loss) / Profit before income tax		(84,636)	32,686
Income tax expense		0	0
(Loss) / Profit for the year		(84,636)	32,686
Other comprehensive income for the year		0	0
Total comprehensive income for the year		(84,636)	32,686
(Loss) / Profit attributable to members of the company		(84,636)	32,686
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the company		(84,636)	32,686

ABN 58 429 487 881

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents 4 3,989,688 1,243,756 Trade and other receivables 5 468,106 3,108,200 Inventories 6 3,245 12,684 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 7 224,979 66,724 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 4,686,018 4,431,364 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 7 23,726 0 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 7 23,726 0 Property, plant and equipment 8 1,348,826 947,375 Intangible assets 9 200,549 56,104 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 1,573,101 1,003,479 TOTAL ASSETS 6,259,119 5,434,843 LIABILITIES 1,196,818 532,056 CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 Forovisions 11 20,442 29,470 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 Provisions <th></th> <th>Note</th> <th>2019</th> <th>2018</th>		Note	2019	2018
CURRENT ASSETS 4 3,989,688 1,243,756 Trade and other receivables 5 468,106 3,108,200 Inventories 6 3,245 12,684 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 7 224,979 66,724 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 4,686,018 4,431,364 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 7 23,726 0 Property, plant and equipment 8 1,348,826 947,375 Intangible assets 9 200,549 56,104 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 1,573,101 1,003,479 TOTAL ASSETS 6,259,119 5,434,843 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES 1 989,031 701,007 Income received in advance 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,4			\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents 4 3,989,688 1,243,756 Trade and other receivables 5 468,106 3,108,200 Inventories 6 3,245 12,684 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 7 224,979 66,724 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 4,686,018 4,431,364 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 7 23,726 0 Property, plant and equipment 8 1,348,826 947,375 Intangible assets 9 200,549 56,104 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 1,573,101 1,003,479 TOTAL ASSETS 6,259,119 5,434,843 LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 10 989,031 701,007 Income received in advance 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES <td>ASSETS</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables 5 468,106 3,108,200 Inventories 6 3,245 12,684 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 7 224,979 66,724 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 4,686,018 4,431,364 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 7 23,726 0 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 7 23,726 0 Property, plant and equipment 8 1,348,826 947,375 Intangible assets 9 200,549 56,104 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 1,573,101 1,003,479 TOTAL ASSETS 6,259,119 5,434,843 LIABILITIES 2 2,59,119 5,434,843 LIABILITIES 11 216,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 TOTAL LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470	CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories 6 3,245 12,684 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 7 224,979 66,724 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 4,686,018 4,431,364 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 7 23,726 0 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 7 23,726 0 Property, plant and equipment 8 1,348,826 947,375 Intangible assets 9 200,549 56,104 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 1,573,101 1,003,479 TOTAL ASSETS 6,259,119 5,434,843 LIABILITIES URRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 10 989,031 701,007 Income received in advance 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,514,189 TOTAL LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,8	Cash and cash equivalents	4	3,989,688	1,243,756
Prepaid expenses and other current assets 7 224,979 66,724 TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 4,686,018 4,431,364 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 7 23,726 0 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 7 23,726 0 Property, plant and equipment 8 1,348,826 947,375 Intangible assets 9 200,549 56,104 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 1,573,101 1,003,479 TOTAL ASSETS 6,259,119 5,434,843 LIABILITIES 5,434,843 CURRENT LIABILITIES 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	Trade and other receivables	5	468,106	3,108,200
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS 4,686,018 4,431,364 NON-CURRENT ASSETS 7 23,726 0 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 7 23,726 0 Property, plant and equipment 8 1,348,826 947,375 Intangible assets 9 200,549 56,104 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 1,573,101 1,003,479 TOTAL ASSETS 6,259,119 5,434,843 LIABILITIES URRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 10 989,031 701,007 Income received in advance 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	Inventories	6	3,245	12,684
NON-CURRENT ASSETS 7 23,726 0 Property, plant and equipment 8 1,348,826 947,375 Intangible assets 9 200,549 56,104 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 1,573,101 1,003,479 TOTAL ASSETS 6,259,119 5,434,843 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES 10 989,031 701,007 Income received in advance 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	7	224,979	66,724
Prepaid expenses and other current assets 7 23,726 0 Property, plant and equipment 8 1,348,826 947,375 Intangible assets 9 200,549 56,104 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 1,573,101 1,003,479 TOTAL ASSETS 6,259,119 5,434,843 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES 10 989,031 701,007 Income received in advance 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		4,686,018	4,431,364
Property, plant and equipment 8 1,348,826 947,375 Intangible assets 9 200,549 56,104 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 1,573,101 1,003,479 TOTAL ASSETS 6,259,119 5,434,843 LIABILITIES 5 5,434,843 CURRENT LIABILITIES 10 989,031 701,007 Income received in advance 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Intangible assets 9 200,549 56,104 TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 1,573,101 1,003,479 TOTAL ASSETS 6,259,119 5,434,843 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES 10 989,031 701,007 Income received in advance 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	7	23,726	0
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS 1,573,101 1,003,479 TOTAL ASSETS 6,259,119 5,434,843 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES 10 989,031 701,007 Income received in advance 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	Property, plant and equipment	8	1,348,826	947,375
TOTAL ASSETS 6,259,119 5,434,843 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 10 989,031 701,007 Income received in advance 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	Intangible assets	9	200,549	56,104
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 10 989,031 701,007 Income received in advance 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		1,573,101	1,003,479
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 10 989,031 701,007 Income received in advance 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 11 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	TOTAL ASSETS		6,259,119	5,434,843
Trade and other payables 10 989,031 701,007 Income received in advance 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 11 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	LIABILITIES			
Income received in advance 1,196,818 532,056 Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 11 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Provisions 11 216,810 251,656 TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	Trade and other payables	10	989,031	701,007
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES 2,402,659 1,484,719 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 11 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	Income received in advance		1,196,818	532,056
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Provisions 11 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	Provisions	11	216,810	251,656
Provisions 11 20,442 29,470 TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,402,659	1,484,719
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 20,442 29,470 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,423,101 1,514,189 NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	Provisions	11	20,442	29,470
NET ASSETS 3,836,018 3,920,654 EQUITY 3,836,018 3,920,654 Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		20,442	29,470
EQUITY Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,423,101	1,514,189
Retained earnings 3,836,018 3,920,654	NET ASSETS		3,836,018	3,920,654
	EQUITY			
TOTAL EQUITY 3,836,018 3,920,654	Retained earnings		3,836,018	3,920,654
	TOTAL EQUITY		3,836,018	3,920,654

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note	Retained Earnings \$	Revaluation Surplus \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 January 2019		3,920,654	0	3,920,654
Comprehensive income				
Profit/(Loss) for the year	_	(84,636)	0	(84,636)
Balance at 31 December 2019	_	3,836,018	0	3,836,018

	Note	Retained Earnings \$	Revaluation Surplus \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 January 2018		2,859,133	1,028,835	3,887,968
Comprehensive income				
Profit/(Loss) for the year		32,686	0	32,686
Transfer to/(from) Reserves		1,028,835	(1,028,835)	0
Balance at 31 December 2018	•	3,920,654	0	3,920,654

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

.	Note	2019	2018
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from members, sponsorships and other events		10,554,607	7,381,406
Receipts from grants		1,731,374	1,418,070
Payments to suppliers and employees		(11,279,919)	(9,596,252)
Interest received		62,357	50,481
Interest paid		(0)	(0)
Net cash generated by/(used in) operating activities		1,068,419	(746,295)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		2,423,300	682
Payment for property, plant and equipment		(745,787)	(596,867)
Net cash used in investing activities		1,677,513	(596,185)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of loan		(0)	(0)
Net cash generated by/(used in) financing activities		(0)	(0)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		2,745,932	(1,342,480)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,243,756	2,586,236
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	4	3,989,688	1,243,756

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Reduced Disclosure Requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The company is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

The functional and presentation currency of Netball Queensland Limited is Australian dollars.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 25th February 2020 by the Directors of the company.

a. Revenue

Revenue Recognition

The company has applied AASB 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers (AASB 15) and AASB 1058: Income of Not-for-Profit Entities (AASB 1058) using the cumulative effective method of initially applying AASB 15 and AASB 1058 as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2019. Therefore, the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be presented under AASB 118: Revenue and AASB 1004: Contributions. The details of accounting policies under AASB 118 and AASB 1004 are disclosed separately since they are different from those under AASB 15 and AASB 1058, and the impact of those changes is disclosed in Note 1.

In the current year

Events & matches, venue hire, grants and sponsorship

When the company receives these types of revenue, it assesses whether the contract is enforceable and has sufficiently specific performance obligations in accordance to AASB 15.

When both these conditions are satisfied, the company:

- identifies each performance obligation relating to the revenue;
- recognises a contract liability for its obligations under the agreement; and
- recognises revenue as it satisfies its performance obligations.

Where the contract is not enforceable or does not have sufficiently specific performance obligations, the company:

- recognises the asset received in accordance with the recognition requirements of other applicable Accounting Standards (for example AASB 9, AASB 16, AASB 116 and AASB 138);
- recognises related amounts (being contributions by owners, lease liability, financial instruments, provisions, revenue or contract liability arising from a contract with a customer); and
- recognises income immediately in profit or loss as the difference between the initial carrying amount of the asset and the related amount.

If a contract liability is recognised as a related amount above, the company recognises income in profit or loss when or as it satisfies its obligations under the contract.

Capitation revenue from playing or non-playing members is recognised as income within the calendar year in which it is invoiced.

Merchandising revenue is recognised at the point of delivery as this corresponds to the performance obligation resulting in the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and the cessation of all involvement in those goods.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax.

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In the comparative period

Capitation revenue from playing or non-playing members is recognised as income within the calendar year in which it is invoiced.

Non-reciprocal grant revenue is recognised in profit or loss when the company obtains control of the grant and it is probable that the economic benefits gained from the grant will flow to the company and the amount of the grant can be measured reliably.

If conditions are attached to the grant which must be satisfied before the company is eligible to receive the contribution, the recognition of the grant as revenue will be deferred until those conditions are satisfied.

Donations and bequests are recognised as revenue when received.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument.

Revenue from the rendering of a service (including sponsorship revenue) or from sale of merchandise is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customer.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax.

b. Inventories

Inventories held for sale are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Inventories held for distribution are measured at cost adjusted, when applicable, for any loss of service potential.

c. Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value as indicated, less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to the estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses are recognised either in profit or loss. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present (refer to Note 1(e) for details of impairment).

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is depreciated on a straight line basis over the asset's useful life to the company commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset

Depreciation Rate

Plant and equipment

10% - 40%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

d. Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is the date that the company commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments (except for trade receivables) are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit or loss", in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Trade receivables are initially measured at the transaction price if the trade receivables do not contain a significant financing component.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at:

- amortised cost; or
- fair value through profit or loss.

A financial liability is measured at fair value through profit or loss if the financial liability is:

- held for trading; or
- initially designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

All other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest expense in profit or loss over the relevant period.

The effective interest rate is the internal rate of return of the financial asset or liability, that is, it is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the instrument to the net carrying amount at initial recognition.

A financial liability is held for trading if it is:

- incurred for the purpose of repurchasing or repaying in the near term;
- part of a portfolio where there is an actual pattern of short-term profit taking; or
- a derivative financial instrument (except for a derivative that is in a financial guarantee contract or a derivative that is in an effective hedging relationship).

Any gains or losses arising on changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss to the extent that they are not part of a designated hedging relationship.

The change in fair value of the financial liability attributable to changes in the issuer's credit risk is taken to other comprehensive income and is not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Instead, it is transferred to retained earnings upon derecognition of the financial liability.

If taking the change in credit risk in other comprehensive income enlarges or creates an accounting mismatch, then these gains or losses should be taken to profit or loss rather than other comprehensive income.

A financial liability cannot be reclassified.

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts are initially measured at fair value (and if not designated as at fair value through profit or loss and do not arise from a transfer of a financial asset) and subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of loss allowance determined in accordance to AASB 9.3.25.3; and
- the amount initially recognised less accumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the revenue recognition policies.

Financial assets

Financial assets are subsequently measured at:

- amortised cost;
- fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- fair value through profit or loss.

Measurement is on the basis of two primary criteria:

- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset; and
- the business model for managing the financial assets.

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A financial asset that meets the following conditions is subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is managed solely to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specified dates.

A financial asset that meets the following conditions is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

- the contractual terms within the financial asset give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding on specified dates;
 and
- the business model for managing the financial asset comprises both contractual cash flows collection and the selling of the financial asset.

By default, all other financial assets that do not meet the measurement conditions of amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The company initially designates a financial instrument as measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- it eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (often referred to as an "accounting mismatch") that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases;
- it is in accordance with the documented risk management or investment strategy and information about the groupings is documented appropriately, so the performance of the financial liability that is part of a group of financial liabilities or financial assets can be managed and evaluated consistently on a fair value basis; and
- it is a hybrid contract that contains an embedded derivative that significantly modifies the cash flows otherwise required by the contract.

The initial designation of the financial instruments to measure at fair value through profit or loss is a one-time option on initial classification and is irrevocable until the financial asset is derecognised.

Derecognition

Derecognition refers to the removal of a previously recognised financial asset or financial liability from the statement of financial position.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A liability is derecognised when it is extinguished (i.e. when the obligation in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires). An exchange of an existing financial liability for a new one with substantially modified terms, or a substantial modification to the terms of a financial liability, is treated as an extinguishment of the existing liability and recognition of a new financial liability.

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised when the holder's contractual rights to its cash flows expires, or the asset is transferred in such a way that all the risks and rewards of ownership are substantially transferred.

All the following criteria need to be satisfied for the derecognition of a financial asset:

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired or been transferred;
- all risk and rewards of ownership of the asset have been substantially transferred; and
 the company no longer controls the asset (i.e. it has no practical ability to make unilateral
- decisions to sell the asset to a third party).

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On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of a debt instrument classified as fair value through other comprehensive income, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

Impairment

The company recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on:

- financial assets that are measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income;
- lease receivables;
- contract assets (e.g. amount due from customers under construction contracts);
- loan commitments that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss; and
- financial guarantee contracts that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Loss allowance is not recognised for:

- financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss; or
- equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Expected credit losses are the probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of a financial instrument. A credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due and all cash flows expected to be received, all discounted at the original effective interest rate of the financial instrument.

The company uses the following approaches to impairment, as applicable under AASB 9: *Financial Instruments*:

- the general approach;
- the simplified approach;

General approach

Under the general approach, at each reporting period, the company assessed whether the financial instruments are credit impaired, and:

- if the credit risk of the financial instrument increased significantly since initial recognition, the company measured the loss allowance of the financial instruments at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses; and
- if there was no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the company measured the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses.

Simplified approach

The simplified approach does not require tracking of changes in credit risk at every reporting period, but instead requires the recognition of lifetime expected credit loss at all times.

This approach is applicable to:

- trade receivables or contract assets that result from transactions that are within the scope of AASB 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers, and which do not contain a significant financing component; and
- lease receivables.

In measuring the expected credit loss, a provision matrix for trade receivables is used taking into consideration various data to get to an expected credit loss (i.e. diversity of its customer base, appropriate groupings of its historical loss experience, etc).

Recognition of expected credit losses in financial statements

At each reporting date, the company recognises the movement in the loss allowance as an impairment gain or loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

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The carrying amount of financial assets measured at amortised cost includes the loss allowance relating to that asset.

Assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income. The amount in relation to change in credit risk is transferred from other comprehensive income to profit or loss at every reporting period.

For financial assets that are unrecognised (e.g. loan commitments yet to be drawn, financial guarantees), a provision for loss allowance is created in the statement of financial position to recognise the loss allowance.

e. Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount. Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

f. Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the company's obligation for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and holiday leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

Other long-term employee benefits

The company classifies employees' long service leave entitlements as other long-term employee benefits as they are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service.

The company's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current liabilities in its statement of financial position, except where the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current liabilities.

g. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

h. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows included in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

i. Income Tax

No provision for income tax has been raised as the company is exempt from income tax under Div. 50 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*.

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j. Intangibles

Software

Software is initially recognised at cost. It has a finite life and is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Software has an estimated useful life of between one and three years. It is assessed annually for impairment.

Other Intangibles

Other Intangibles is initially recognised at cost. It has a finite life and is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Other Intangibles has an estimated useful life of 5 years. It is assessed annually for impairment.

k. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Provisions recognised represent the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

I. Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

m. Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liabilities for goods and services received by the company during the reporting period that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability unless otherwise stated by the third party.

n. Leases

The Company as lessee

At inception of a contract, the company assesses if the contract contains or is a lease. If there is a lease present, a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability is recognised by the company where the company is a lessee. However, all contracts that are classified as short-term leases (i.e. a lease with a remaining lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Variable lease payments which do not depend on an index or a rate are excluded from the initial measurement of the lease liability and asset.

Within the management agreement with Stadiums Queensland, there is a component for an asset maintenance program which has been determined to meet the definition of a lease. However, given the payments are variable and not dependent on an index or a rate, there is no requirement to recognise a lease liability and asset. Instead will be recognised as an operating expense in accordance with the conditions attached to the management agreement.

The Company as lessor

The company leases parts of the building to external parties.

Upon entering into each contract as a lessor, the company assesses if the lease is a finance or operating lease

The contract is classified as a finance lease when the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases not within this definition are classified as operating leases.

Rental income received from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the specific lease.

Initial direct costs incurred in entering into an operating lease (for example legal cost, cost to setup) are included in the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Rental income due under finance leases is recognised as receivables at the amount of the company's net investment in the leases.

When a contract is determined to include lease and non-lease components, the company applies AASB 15 to allocate the consideration under the contract to each component.

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o. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the company.

Key estimates

(i) Recognition of revenue

A significant amount of the company's revenue relates to grants and sponsorship. Given the varied terms and conditions associated with individual agreement this creates complexity in assessing whether the revenue should be recognised in accordance with AASB15 or AASB1058. As a result, the company is required to assess each agreement individually to ensure that the revenue recognised is accurate.

Refer to Note 1(a) for further information.

p. New and Amended Accounting Policies Adopted by the Company

Initial application of AASB 15 and AASB 1058

The company has adopted AASB 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers and AASB 1058: Income for Not-for-Profit Entities using the cumulative effect of initially applying AASB 15 and AASB 1058 as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2019. As a result, the company has changed its accounting policy for revenue recognition as detailed in this note.

Based on the assessment undertaken by the Directors there has been no change to the existing accounting treatment adopted by the company and therefore no adjustment to the opening balance of equity is required. Therefore, the comparative information has not been restated.

Initial application of AASB 16

The company has adopted AASB 16: *Leases* with a date of initial application of 1 January 2019. As a result, the company has changed its accounting policy for leases as detailed in this note.

The company has applied AASB 16 using the cumulative effect method; which requires recognising the cumulative effect of initially applying AASB 16 as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2019. However, based on the assessment undertaken by the Directors there has been no change to the existing accounting treatment adopted by the company and therefore no adjustment to the opening balance of equity is required. Therefore, the comparative information has not been restated.

NOTE 2: REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

		2019	2018
		\$	\$
Reve	nue		
-	Capitation fees	4,141,170	4,229,439
-	Events and matches	3,166,686	2,052,675
-	Venue	1,031,026	0
-	Merchandising	113,092	89,409
-	Grants	1,731,374	1,418,070
-	Donated Assets (Commonwealth Games 2018)	0	295,475
-	Sponsorship	1,820,015	1,241,901
Total	revenue	12,003,363	9,326,969

NOTE 3: PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

	\$	\$
Expenses		
Employee benefits expense:		
 Remuneration of all employees including Firebirds 	4,410,365	3,561,458
Superannuation	388,216	327,661
Payroll tax	202,039	159,507
 Other payroll-related costs 	258,938	240,661
Total employee benefits expense	5,259,558	4,289,287
Corporate costs:		
 Payments to Netball Australia for fees and services 	486,192	644,182
Audit fees	19,708	18,231
 Printing, postage and stationery 	75,884	61,860
 All other 	80,403	86,402
Total corporate costs	662,187	810,675
Event operations:		
 Facility hire and portable floor 	1,193,322	1,148,414
 Umpires and officials for competitions 	106,685	75,961
 Presenters and developers 	103,496	98,193
 All other 	593,025	241,691
Total event costs	1,996,528	1,564,259
NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	2019	2018
	\$	\$
CURRENT		
Cash at bank	3,985,513	1,184,156
Restricted funds	601	55,601
Cash on hand	3,574	3,999
	3,989,688	1,243,756

In June 2015, the former Bayside Netball Association closed; it transferred surplus funds to Netball Queensland, in accordance with its Constitution. The funds are restricted, pending identification of a development project relevant to the needs of the local area. The amount is reported within Note 4 as a restricted cash holding. During the financial year, \$55,000 of the restricted funds was paid to Brisbane City Council for the Wakerley District Sports Park development.

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NOTE 5: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

NOTE 5	: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
		Note	2019	2018
			\$	\$
CURRE	NT			
Trade re	eceivables		278,027	3,144,572
Provisio	n for impairment	5a	(5,473)	(68,615)
			272,554	3,075,957
Other re	ceivables		195,552	32,243
Total cu	rrent trade and other receivables	=	468,106	3,108,200
a. F	Provision for Impairment of Receivables			
N	Movement in the provision for impairment of receivables is as	s follows:		
				\$
F	Provision for impairment as at 31 December 2018			68,615
_	Charge for the period			5,473
_	- Written off			(68,615)
F	Provision for impairment as at 31 December 2019			5,473
NOTE 6	: INVENTORIES			
			2019	2018
			\$	\$
CURRE	NT			
At cost:				
Apparel	for resale		0	5,488
Publicat	ions for resale	_	3,245	7,196
Total inv	ventory	=	3,245	12,684
NOTE 7	: OTHER ASSETS			
			2019	2018
			\$	\$
CURRE	NT			
Prepayn	nents		196,880	65,556
Deposits	s and other	_	28,099	1,168
		=	224,979	66,724
NON CL	JRRENT			
Prepayn			23,726	0
		-	23,726	0
		=		

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NOTE 8: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Plant and Equipment		
Furniture and equipment:		
At cost	1,676,847	986,902
Less accumulated depreciation	(453,371)	(550,944)
	1,223,476	435,958
Total plant and equipment	1,223,476	435,958
Capital Work in Progress:		
At cost	125,350	511,417
Total Capital Work in Progress	125,350	511,417
Total Property, Plant, Equipment & Capital Work in Progress	1,348,826	947,375

Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Capital Furniture Work in and			
	Progress	Equipment	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	
Balance at the beginning of the period	511,417	435,958	947,375	
Additions at cost	125,350	553,237	678,587	
Disposals	0	(45,148)	(45,148)	
Depreciation expense	0	(231,988)	(231,988)	
Transfer to Furniture and Equipment	(511,417)	511,417	0	
Carrying amount at the end of the year	125,350	1,223,476	1,348,826	

NOTE	A. IN	\pm	וחו ב	ASSET	-
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		2019	2018
		\$	\$
Intangibles – at cost		270,393	77,844
Accumulated amortisation		(69,844)	(21,740)
Net carrying amount	_	200,549	56,104
	Capital I Work in Progress	ntangibles – at cost	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Balance at the beginning of the year	43,201	12,903	56,104
Additions	0	192,549	192,549
Amortisation charge	0	(48,104)	(48,104)
Transferred to Intangibles	(43,201)	43,201	0
	0	200,549	200,549
NOTE 10: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
		2019	2018
		\$	\$
CURRENT			
Trade payables		650,378	148,812
Other current payables	_	338,653	552,195
	=	989,031	701,007
a. Financial liabilities at amortised cost classified as tra- and other payables	de		
Trade and other payables:			
 total current 	_	989,031	701,007
		989,031	701,007
Less: other payables - GST		(74,811)	(253,829)
Financial liabilities as trade and other payables	17	914,220	447,178

NOTE 11: PROVISIONS

NOTE TIT ROVISIONS	2019	2018
	\$	\$
CURRENT		
Provision for employee benefits: annual and long service leave	216,810	251,656
NON-CURRENT		
Provision for employee benefits: long service leave	20,442	29,470
Total Provisions	237,252	281,126
	Employee Benefits	Total
	\$	\$
Analysis of total provisions		
Opening balance at 1 January 2019	281,126	281,126
Additional provisions raised during year	210,506	210,506
Amounts used	(254,380)	(254,380)
Balance at 31 December 2019	237,252	237,252

Provision for employee benefits

Provision for employee benefits represents amounts accrued for annual leave and long service leave.

The current portion for this provision includes the total amount accrued for annual leave entitlements and the amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have vested due to employees having completed the required period of service. Based on past experience, the company does not expect the full amount of annual leave or long service leave balances classified as current liabilities to be settled within the next 12 months. However, these amounts must be classified as current liabilities since the company does not have an unconditional right to defer the settlement of these amounts in the event employees wish to use their leave entitlement.

The non-current portion for this provision includes amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have not yet vested in relation to those employees who have not yet completed the required period of service.

In calculating the present value of future cash flows in respect of long service leave, the probability of long service leave being taken is based upon historical data. The measurement and recognition criteria for employee benefits have been discussed in Note 1(f).

NOTE 12: CAPITAL, LEASING AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

As at report date, with the exception of the lease component disclosed in Note 1(n), the company has not entered into any capital or leasing commitments.

NOTE 13: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

There are no contingent liabilities that have been incurred by the company at balance date.

NOTE 14: EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The directors are not aware of any significant events since the end of the reporting period.

NOTE 15: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company, directly or indirectly, including any Director (whether executive or otherwise) of that company is considered key management personnel (KMP).

For the year ended 31 December 2019, seven staff met the definition of key management personnel (Chief executive officer plus six General Managers). This is in addition to eight Directors during the year who are unpaid.

The totals of remuneration paid to Key Management Personnel of the company during the period were \$959,836 (2018: \$874,111).

NOTE 16: OTHER RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Other related parties include close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or jointly controlled by those key management personnel individually or collectively with their close family members.

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other persons unless otherwise stated.

There were no other related party transactions during the year (2018: NIL).

NOTE 17: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, accounts receivable and payable.

The carrying amounts for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 9: *Financial Instruments* as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

	Note	2019	2018
		\$	\$
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	3,989,688	1,243,756
Loans and receivables	5	468,106	3,108,200
Total financial assets		4,457,794	4,351,956
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:			
 Trade and other payables 	10a	914,220	447,178
Total financial liabilities		914,220	447,178

Audited financial statements end.

ADDITIONAL REPORTING TO MEMBERS, BEYOND THE STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BANK RECONCILIATION

MONTH ENDING:31 Dec-2019ACCOUNT:1-1510Working Account

Balance @		31/12/2019	227,878.83
		Total	227,878.83
Supported by:			
	31/12/2019	Add outstanding payments	0.00
	31/12/2019	Less outstanding deposits	10.00
		Total	227,868.83
As per Bank Staten	nent		227,868.33

BANK RECONCILIATION

MONTH ENDING: 31 Dec-2019

ACCOUNT: 1-1530 Cash Management Account

Balance @	31/12/2019	3,758,234.63
	Total	3,758,234.63
Supported by:		
31/12/2019	Add outstanding payments	0.00
31/12/2019	Less outstanding deposits	0.00
	Total	3,758,234.63
As per Bank Statement		3,758,234.63

Disclosure in accordance with Clause 12.11 of Constitution

Payments in relation to Directors of Netball Queensland Limited, 2019

Reimbursement
Director or cost incurred Nature of payment

Seawright, Dorothy Jane

(Chair) \$16 Parking

Airfares, taxis, car rental, parking, accommodation for

Fullagar, Ian \$3,008 meetings

\$3,024

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Netball Queensland Limited, the Directors of the company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes, as set out on pages 4 to 21, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - comply with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements; and
 - b. give a true and fair view of the financial position of the company as at 31 December 2019 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.

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2. In the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Dorothy Jane Seawright (Chair)

Dated this 25th day of February 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NETBALL QUEENSLAND LIMITED



Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Netball Queensland Limited (the "Company"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the director's declaration.

In our opinion the financial report of the Company is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 31 December 2019 and of its performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Australian Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NETBALL QUEENSLAND LIMITED (Continued)



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report (cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
 is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Bentleys Brisbane (Audit) Pty Ltd Chartered Accountants

Stewart Douglas Director

Bentless

Brisbane

28 February 2020





"IT DOESN'T MATTER WHAT YOUR BACKGROUND IS OR WHERE YOU COME FROM, IF YOU HAVE DREAMS AND GOALS THAT'S ALL THAT MATTERS."

SERENA WILLIAMS





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