ACCESSIBLE ENVIRONMENTS

Having an accessible environment benefits everyone, not just people with a disability.

It helps to:

- · Create a welcoming and inclusive place to be
- · Provide increased safety for everyone
- · Cater for participants that might not want to disclose a disability
- · Cater for everyone in the club family, friends, volunteers
- · Cater for those who may have an injury, illness or temporary impairment



WHAT MAKES AN ACCESSIBLE ENVIRONMENT?

Below are the key items and tips for making your club a more accessible space. We acknowledge that budgets, age of facilities, resources for upkeep and other factors limit the level at which these can be implemented, but it's important to consider what changes your club may be able to make now, or plan for in the future. At the end is a checklist to review whether your club has the essential items in place and what further actions may be needed.

Accessibility item	Best option	Alternate option
Main entry and emergency exits	 Level entries (i.e. no steps or large hobs) 	 ≈ Or an appropriate threshold ramp, e.g. threshold ramps from the Ramp <u>Champ website</u>
	 Auto, self-opening doors or sliding doors that are not too heavy or hard to open 	 ≈ or consider buzzer and/or intercom on main entrance in an accessible place to request assistance
	 Clear emergency signage and evacuation plans (see 'signage' section below) 	
Doors (including entries and exits)	 Doorways for wheelchair access are a minimum of 850mm wide 	≈ consider if internal doors are needed. If not needed for privacy or noise reduction, consider removing the door to have open, wider access
	 Clear, contrasting safety strips on the full width of any glazed doors or walls 	
	 Door access/handles: 'd' shape handles for sliding doors & lever handles for swing doors 	
Signage	 Non-accessible main entrances and exits need to have signs directing to the nearest accessible entrance (use international symbol) 	
	 Emergency signage and evacuation plans easily located and viewed 	
	 Signage to key facilities: toilets, water etc. 	

Accessibility item	Best option	Alternate option
Signage continued	 Signs: High contrast, dark text on light background; clear spacing between words Consider adding simple, recognisable symbols where appropriate Large (at least 18-point font) and easy to read ('clean' fonts such as Arial are best) If laminating a sign, consider glare – choose matte rather than glossy options Tactile or Braille signage as needed Be at an appropriate height and size for the viewing distance 	
Hallways, corridors, and rooms	 Make sure these are free from clutter and obstacles, ensure good circulation space either side of doorways and any corners in hallways (consider were you put furniture and even wall mounted items) 	
Internal flooring	 Level, slip resistant, floor surfaces. Where carpet is used – tight weave, low pile carpet 	
	✓ No mats or other trip hazards	
Lighting	 Consistent, even lighting, reflected downward. Avoid old style fluorescent lights where possible 	
	 Lighting in all areas, including outside pathways as needed 	
	 Reduce glare from windows and glass doors, make sure glare is not impacting on reading signs or noticing transitions in floor surfaces 	
Car parks	 Designated disability car spaces signed and closest to main entrance: consider space in each car park for different loading and unloading needs (e.g. side access and rear access to vehicle) 	
Pathways	 Pathways from property entrance and car park to main entrance, pathways to all essential facilities 	
	 Level, concrete pathways are best practice 	≈ Firm surface, free from obstacles and debris (e.g. twigs, leaf litter). e.g. compacted crusher dust, or options such as 'profloor'

DISABILITY RESOURCE CARDS

Accessible Environments continued...



Accessibility item	Best option	Alternate option
Pathways continued	 Hazard, tactile indicators prior to ramps, steps & strip on edge of steps, e.g. <u>tactile</u> indicators from the Safety Civil website 	
Toilet/bathroom facilities	 Accessible bathroom – toilet and shower/changing area (suitable for use by someone in a wheelchair) that complies with Australian Standard (design for access and mobility) AS 1428.1 	
	 Ambulant toilet – typically for people with disabilities or older people that use a range of mobility aids or require additional space: wider space (900-920mm), grab rails, and higher toilet seat 	 ≈ Raised toilet seat with swing back arms*: e.g. <u>the toilet seat from Independent Living</u> <u>Solutions website</u> *Please seek advice from a disability equipment specialist to choose the best option
	 Accessible tapware – e.g. <u>the tapware from Sink</u> <u>Warehouse website</u> 	≈ Tap turners for various old-style taps: e.g. the tap turners from Henry Care
	 ✓ Quiet hand dryers 	\thickapprox Accessible paper towel dispenser
'Chill out' / quiet space	 Club environments can be busy and noisy so it's great to have a designated quiet, 'chill out' space (room or a quiet corner) where people can go if they are experiencing anxiety and/or sensory overload. Considerations for the space: Comfortable seating: small couch, cushions, beanbag, foam mat on the floor Low lighting, no glare from windows, soft/calm colours for space Charging station for use of headphones and music or other calming apps Box of 'fidgets' (stress balls/squeeze toys, fidget spinners), mindfulness colouring Access to supervision and support from relevant adult close by Expectations for using the space up on the wall: look after everything in the room, put things back in their place, keep the space quiet when using it (use headphones to listen to music etc.) 	
General facilities	 Accessible and easy to operate water bubblers or drinking fountains or access to other water 	
	 Ensure accessible charging areas and storage for equipment (electric wheelchairs, communication devices) 	

DISABILITY RESOURCE CARDS

Accessible Environments continued...



Accessibility item	Best option	Alternate option
General facilities continued	 Access to food options and storage (e.g. fridge): may be needed for food, drinks, or medication 	
	 Accessible, level, shaded space for spectators and participants; space for people with wheelchairs and appropriate seating (e.g. some sturdy chairs with backs and arm rests) 	
Raise and review system	 System in place for people who access the club to communicate access needs or raise access requests 	
	 System in place within the club to regularly review access and implement actions required 	
Other considerations	 Assistance animals – Learn more about access rights on the <u>Assistance Dogs Australia</u> website 	
	 Hearing loops and access to Auslan interpreters. Consider this when hosting events at the club or hiring venues for club events. Find more information on the <u>Hearing</u> <u>Loop Australia</u> and <u>Auslan Services</u> websites 	

INTERESTED IN LEARNING MORE?

- If organising any modifications, bathroom/toilet upgrades, ramps, pathways, grab rails etc. please use a builder who has experience with accessible design and works to the Australian Standards (Design for Access and Mobility).
- If you are making modifications for a specific individual with a disability, please consult with the person's Occupational Therapist around design and functionality.
- Local disability equipment suppliers. Examples of companies with locations throughout Queensland:
 - Independent Living Solutions
 - <u>Aidacare</u>

- Universal Design: Universal Design Australia
- Sport and Recreational Settings: <u>Design for Everyone -</u> <u>Guide to Sport and Rec Settings</u>
- Funding
- Club modifications and other projects. Information on funding and grants is available on the <u>Queensland Government website</u>
- Fair Play vouchers

